The Story of a Fossil:

How an Ancient

Type of Fossil Fossil from the

## Ice Age

Became an Exhibit at

the Museum

By

Your Name

End page

Dedicated to

The End.

The fossil hunter wanted other kids to be able to see the fossil, so (s)he donated it to a museum, where many visitors see it on display every day now! A long, long time ago, in a time period called the

\_\_\_\_\_, there lived an organism called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

	•
Type of Animal	
. It is related to	
	_•
Living Relative(s)	-
	It is related to

This type of organism lived \_\_\_\_\_

Habitat

It ate \_\_\_\_\_

Its diet (ex: plants). Draw a picture of its food below.

The fossil hunter wanted to identify the fossil (s)he had found, so (s)he took it to a paleontologist, a scientist who studies fossils as a job. The paleontologist identified the fossil as a

and congratulated

Type of Fossil the fossil hunter. Nice find!

One interesting fact about this organism is:

One day a fossil hunter was out looking for fossils. (S)he saw something unusually patterned, gleaming in the sun. It was the fossil!

One day, there was a	—
-	Type of Fossil
let's call him/her	who died
Choose	e a name for your fossil
on land. The body was carried by a stream to a low	
area.	

Then \_\_\_\_\_'s body was quickly Name of Your Fossil covered with sediment from the stream—lots of mud and sand. No predators or scavengers had a chance to eat him/her.

Over many more years, rain and snow eroded and washed away the layers of sediment above and around the fossil, exposing it on the Earth's surface in modern-day \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Location where the fossil was found

Over a very, very	long time (about
	Age of Your Fossil years, to be exact), the Earth

Name of Your Fossil

where the fossil of

\_\_\_\_\_ was buried

changed quite a lot!

's soft body parts rotted away,

Name of Your Fossil leaving only the hard part(s) behind, such as the

Part(s) of the body you saw in the museum More sediments piled on top.

The Earth's crust was uplifted—meaning pushed up by forces deep in the Earth—carrying the fossil with it, high above where it began. Sometimes, fossils that were once at the bottom of a riverbed end up at the top of a mountain! Water moved through the sediment layers. The minerals that were dissolved in the water got stuck in the microscopic, empty spaces in the bone(s), and began to form tiny crystals there. Soon, these spaces were filled up with crystals of minerals like quartz, calcite, and pyrite.

Quartz Calcite

The sediments around \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were Name of Your Fossil pressed together and slowly dried out. They became hard rocks. The fossil was also like a rock, although its shape showed how it came from a living thing.